

Review Goal 2

- A. Popular sovereignty
- B. Judicial Review
- C. Separation of Powers
- D. Federalism
- E. Expressed/Enumerated Powers
- F. Elastic or "Necessary and Proper" clause
- G. Implied Powers
- H. Reserved Powers
- I. Concurrent Powers
- J. Supremacy Clause

- ___ 1. Government is divided between state and federal government
- ___ 2. Idea that government's power comes from the people
- ___ 3. Supreme Court can determine if the government is following the law
- ___ 4. Powers that both the state and federal government have
- ___ 5. Says that the Constitution is the supreme law of the land and the federal government is higher than the states.
- ___ 6. Says that Congress can make laws to act on its implied powers
- ___ 7. Powers not written in the Constitution go to the states
- ___ 8. The division of government between executive, legislative, and judicial branches
- ___ 9. Powers that are not written expressly in Constitution can be acted on
- ___ 10. Powers that are written expressly in the Constitution

Article I- _____ **Branch:** _____

How are the number of representatives each state has determined?

Basic powers given to Congress

Powers denied Congress

Habeas Corpus-
Ex post facto law-
Bills of Attainder-

Article II- _____ **Branch:** _____

Explain the process of the Electoral College:

Commander and Chief-

Veto power-

Pardon-

FBI-

FDA-

DEA-

EPA-

Bureaucracy-

Cabinet-

SEC-

OSHA-

IRS-

FCC-

Article III- _____ **Branch:** _____

- A. **Gibbons vs Ogden**
- B. **Gideon vs Wainwright**
- C. **Hazelwood school District vs Kuhlmeir**
- D. **Brown vs Board of Education**
- E. **New Jersey vs TLO**
- F. **Texas vs. Johnson**

- G. **Miranda vs. Arizona**
- H. **Marbury vs Madison**
- I. **Swann vs CMS**
- J. **Tinker vs Des Moines School**
- K. **Plessey vs Ferguson**
- L. **Mapp vs Ohio**
- M. **McCulloch vs Maryland**

- ___ 1. Began precedent of judicial review
- ___ 2. Accused must be read their rights before police questioning
- ___ 3. Affirmed the legality of Jim Crow laws, separate but equal facilities
- ___ 4. Evidence obtained from an illegal search is inadmissible in court
- ___ 5. Allowed the creation of the federal bank under the elastic clause
- ___ 6. School newspapers that are an indirect part of the curriculum can be censored by the school especially if they violate other's right to privacy
- ___ 7. Schools can perform searches of students if there is reasonable suspicion
- ___ 8. Citizens must be provided a lawyer if they cannot afford one.
- ___ 9. Forced busing to fulfill integration of schools is constitutional
- ___ 10. Separate schools for blacks and whites could never be equal and must be integrated
- ___ 11. Burning the American flag is legitimate free speech
- ___ 12. Congress can control the trade within a state as well as between states

What is the process of amending the constitution?

- 1st Amendment-
- 4th Amendment-
- 5th Amendment-
- 6th Amendment-
- 8th Amendment-
- 10th Amendment-
- 13th Amendment-
- **14th Amendment-**
- 15th Amendment-
- 19th Amendment-
- 24th Amendment-

1. What is a progressive tax? Give an example of one.
2. What is a regressive tax? Give an example of one.
3. What is the difference between mandatory and discretionary spending?